

## Subject card

Subject name and code	Geomorphology and science of soil, PG_00033325							
Field of study	Environmental Protection							
Date of commencement of studies	October 2024		Academic year of realisation of subject			2025/2026		
Education level	undergraduate studies		Subject group			Obligatory subject group in the field of study		
Mode of study	full-time studies		Mode of delivery			at the university		
Year of study	2		Language of instruction			Polish		
Semester of study	4		ECTS credits			1.0		
Learning profile	academic		Assessment form					
Conducting unit	Pracownia Badań Paleośrodowiskowych -> Katedra Geomorfologii i Geologii Czwartorzędu -> Faculty of Oceanography and Geography							
Name and surname	Subject supervisor		dr Sambor Czerwiński					
of lecturer (lecturers)	Teachers							
Lesson types	Lesson type	Lecture	Tutorial	Laboratory	Project Semi		Seminar	SUM
	Number of study hours	0.0	15.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	15
	E-learning hours included: 0.0							
Learning activity and number of study hours	Learning activity	Participation in didactic classes included in study plan		Participation in consultation hours		Self-study		SUM
	Number of study hours	15		2.0		8.0		25
Subject objectives	To become familiar we the general laws con- about the main soil-for globe. To learn about pedosphere.	cerning the ger orming process	nesis and evolu es and factors	ution of the forn and their influe	ns of reli ence on	ef of the	e Earth's sur tial distributio	face.To learn on on the

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Learning outcomes	Course outcome	Subject outcome	Method of verification
	[OŚL3_W01] Discusses the basic concepts of mathematics, physics, chemistry and biology. Describes physical, chemical and biological phenomena occurring in nature as well as geological, geomorphological and climatic conditions of the functioning of nature.	Knows and classifies techniques of soil protection against degradation. Recognises the links between geomorphology and soil science with other scientific disciplines. Defines basic concepts of geomorphology and soil science. Explains the physical and chemical determinants of the most important soil-forming processes. soil-forming processes. Characterises the basic geomorphological processes and factors and their influence on soil formation. Characterises the importance of geomorphological and palaeopedological studies in reconstructing changes in the natural environment. Characterises the multiplicity of anthropogenic impacts on soils in different climatic zones.	[SW1] oral statement/ conversation/discussion [SW2] presentation/project/paper/ report [SW5] implementation of a problem task
	[OŚL3_K06] Knows and appreciates the practical application of the acquired knowledge and skills in solving problems.	Demonstrates readiness for individual and social action, including for the preservation of ecological balance and protection of Earth's resources.	[SK1] oral statement/conversation/ discussion [SK2] presentation/project/paper/ report
	[OŚL3_K05] Identifies the level of her/his knowledge and skills, demonstrates the need to update knowledge about the environment and its protection, demonstrates the need for continuous professional training and personal development.	Demonstrates readiness for individual and social actions, including for preservation of ecological balance and protection of Earth resources. Uses theoretical knowledge of geomorphology and soil science to correctly interpret the distribution of crops on Earth.	[SK2] presentation/project/paper/ report [SK3] text preparation/written work
	[OŚL3_U01] Performs tasks under supervision and independently in the field of analysis of the natural environment and the functioning of natural and man-made natural systems.	Is able to characterise basic laboratory and field methods inugeomorphology and soil science. Formulates basic problems concerning the causes of problems in meeting the nutritional needs of underdeveloped countries. Analyses the causes and course of basic processes and phenomena in the lithosphere under anthropopressure. Characterises the different areas of the globe, explaining the reasons for the diversity of plant growing conditions and the different types of farming associated with them.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/ discussion [SU2] presentation/project/paper/ report
	[OŚL3_U04] Uses specialist language in the discussion and properly uses the nomenclature in the field of environmental protection and individual disciplines related to it.	Uses scientific language, speaks and discusses topics related to geomorphological and soil science issues in Polish and/or a foreign language.	[SU2] presentation/project/paper/ report [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	[OŚL3_U09] Prepares in Polish/ English a short description of research, observation or problem task carried out during classes using appropriate scientific terminology.	Uses geomorphological and soil science terminology to a degree which makes it possible to refer to the literature on the subject in Polish and/or English.	[SU1] oral statement/conversation/ discussion [SU2] presentation/project/paper/ report [SU5] implementation of a problem task
	Sources of cartographic information in the environment. 3. Geomorpholo and their organoleptic identification.		ation 4. Division of soil formations

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Prerequisites and co-requisites						
Assessment methods and criteria	Subject passing criteria	Passing threshold	Percentage of the final grade			
	Raport	51.0%	70.0%			
	Presentation	51.0%	30.0%			
Recommended reading	Basic literature	Davies T., Korup R., Clague J. (red), 2021. Geomorphology and Natural Hazards: Understanding Landscape Change for Disaster Mitigation, AGU Advanced Textbooks, John Wiley & Sons				
	Supplementary literature	White, R. E. 2005. Soil Science & Geoarchaeology. Principles and Practice of Soil Science: The Soil as a Natural Resource, 4th Edition.				
	eResources addresses	Adresy na platformie eNauczanie:				
Example issues/ example questions/ tasks being completed	List the main soil components and describe them					
	Main soil horizons according to the Systematics of soils of Poland, 2019					
	Difference between mineral and organic soils					
	Elementary soil-forming processes					
Work placement	Not applicable					

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