

<b>Course title</b> Fizyka I / Physics I		<b>ECTS code</b> 13.2.0285	
<b>Name of unit administrating study</b> Faculty of Chemistry			
<b>Studies</b>			
<b>Field of study</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Form</b>	
Chemistry	Bachelor	Full-time studies	
<b>Teaching staff</b> Dr hab. Aleksander Kubicki, prof. nadzw. (Aleksander Kubicki, PhD, Associate Professor)			
<b>Forms of classes, the realization and number of hours</b>		<b>ECTS credits</b> 2	
<b>A. Forms of classes, in accordance with the UG Rector's regulations</b> lecture		classes - 15 h tutorial classes – 15 h student's own work – 20 h	
<b>B. The realization of activities</b> in-class learning		Total: 50 h - 2 ECTS	
<b>C. Number of hours</b> 15 h lecture			
<b>The academic cycle</b> 2019/20 winter semester			
<b>Type of course</b> obligatory		<b>Language of instruction</b> Polish	
<b>Teaching methods</b> Lecture with multimedia presentation Student's own work (i.e. written exam preparation)		<b>Form and method of assessment and basic criteria for evaluation or examination requirements</b>	
		<b>A. Final evaluation, in accordance with the UG study regulations</b> course completion (with a grade)	
		<b>B. Assessment methods</b> written exam: test with additional open questions	
		<b>C. The basic criteria for evaluation or exam requirements</b>	
<b>Required courses and introductory requirements</b> Required basic knowledge of physics and mathematics in the field of secondary school			
<b>Aims of education</b> Understanding the basics of physics on a wider level than in high school using maths higher than at school. The known laws of physics are then to be the foundation for further subjects in the field of study. The student is to acquire the ability to analyze and explain observed phenomena and processes in chemistry from the physics point of view.			
<b>Course contents</b> Tools of physics and its relationship with other sciences. Interactions in nature. Basics of kinematics: description of the motion of a point mass, types of motion, reference systems, relativity of motion. Basics of dynamics: definition of force, principles of Newton's dynamics. The law of universal gravitation. Work, energy, power. Principles of behavior in mechanics. Basics of rigid-body mechanics. Oscillatory and wave motion: harmonic oscillator, mechanical waves and wave phenomena.			
<b>Bibliography of literature</b>			
<b>A. Literature required to pass the course</b>			
D. Halliday, R. Resnick, J. Walker, „Postawy fizyki” (t. 1-5), Wydawn. Naukowe PWN, Warszawa, 2003 (dodruki 2005-2017).			
J. Orear, „Fizyka” (t. 1 i 2), Wyd. Naukowo-Techniczne, Warszawa, 2004 (i późniejsze dodruki).			
B. Jaworski, A. Dietlaf, (t.3 L. Miłkowska) – „Kurs fizyki” (t. 1-3), PWN 1984.			
<b>B. Extracurricular readings</b>			

**Knowledge**

knows basic laws and theories in the field of physics; has the knowledge necessary to understand and describe the physical processes important especially for the understanding of chemistry;  
knows the basic calculation methods necessary to solve physics problems

**Skills**

knows how to effectively solve tasks and physical problems in the discussed parts of the lecture;  
can learn independently

**Social competence**

identifies the level of knowledge and skills, the need for continuous training and personal development, understanding the practical applications of physics