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| Course title in English | The molecular basis of the amyloidogenic diseases |
| Course title in Polish | Molekularne podstawy chorób amyloidogennych |
| Course code | |
| Type of course | Lecture |
| Level of course | PhD |
| Year of study | 1-4 |
| Semester/trimester | 2/4/6/8 |
| Number of hours/credits allocated | 30/2 |
| Name of lecturer | Sylwia Rodziewicz-Motowidło |
| Objective of the course (expected learning outcomes and competences to be acquired) | <p><u>Knowledge:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. student knows the mechanisms of amyloid fibril formation 2. student knows the structure of various amyloid fibrils 3. student knows the causes of amyloid diseases at the molecular level <p><u>Skills:</u></p> <p>The doctoral student uses the acquired knowledge on the molecular basis of the formation of amyloid diseases.</p> <p><u>Social competence:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. student understands the role of environmental factors in the development of amyloid diseases and the importance of appropriate pro-health behaviors in reducing the risk of amyloidosis 2. student knows how to cooperate in a group |
| Prerequisites | <p><u>Formal requirements:</u> no formal requirements</p> <p><u>Prerequisites:</u> knowledge of the basics in the field of organic chemistry: functional groups occurring in organic compounds, the structure of amino acids,</p> |

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| | peptides, and proteins, the influence of external factors on conformational changes of peptides and proteins, knowledge of basic physicochemical techniques used in peptide and protein chemistry. |
| Course contents | The lecture will cover the following topics: classification of amyloidogenic diseases; amyloid fibril structure; folding of amyloid proteins; the role of post-translational modifications in the formation of amyloid fibrils; the role of lipid modulators in amyloid formation; the mechanism of amyloid fibril formation; amyloidogenic proteins, structure and function (β -amyloid, prion protein, immunoglobulin, transthyretin, gelsolin, lysozyme, fibrinogen, β -microglobulin, cystatin C, amyloid-forming hormones), amyloid diseases (amyloidosis). |
| Recommended reading | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Amyloid, prions and other protein aggregates / ed. By Ronald Wetzel. Methods in Enzymology vol. 309, San Diego, Calif.: Academic Press, cop. 1999 2. Protein misfolding diseases: current and emerging principles and therapies / ed. By Marina Ramirez-Alvarado, Jeffrey W. Kelly, Christopher M. Dobson, Wiley Series in Protein and Peptide Science, Hoboken: Wiley, A. John Wiley&Sons, cop. 2010 3. Badania fibrylizacji ludzkiego osoczowego białka amyloidu A oraz jego krótkich N-terminalnych fragmentów / Marta Sosnowska; Uniwersytet Gdańskiego. Wydział Chemii. <i>Sosnowska, Marta (biochemia)</i>. Praca doktorska, Gdańsk, 2015 [Fibrillization studies of human amyloid A plasma protein and its short N-terminal fragments] 4. Amyloid structure, function, and molecular mechanisms. Pt. 2 / guest eds.: Sheena Radford and Jonathan Weissman., JMB Journal of Molecular Biology, vol. 421, iss. 4/5, Amsterdam [etc.] : Elsevier, 2012. 5. Amyloid structure, function, and molecular mechanisms. Pt. 1 / guest eds.: Shenna Radford and Jonathan Weissman. JMB Journal of Molecular Biology, vol. 421, iss. 2/3, Amsterdam [etc.] : Elsevier, 2012. |
| Teaching methods | Lecture with multimedia presentation |

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| Assessment methods | Determining the final grade based on the presentation and attendance |
| Language of instruction | Polish |