



Projekt współfinansowany przez Unię Europejską w ramach Europejskiego Funduszu Społecznego



Course title	ECTS code
Diploma lecture - Solution chemistry	13.3.0439
Name of unit administrating study	

Faculty of Chemistry

Studies

faculty	field of study	type	pierwszego stopnia
Wydział Chemii	Chemia	form	stacjonarne
		specialty	chemia biomedyczna, chemia kosmetyków, analityka i diagnostyka
			chemiczna, chemia żywności
		specialization	wszystkie

Teaching staff

prof. dr hab. inż. Tadeusz Ossowski; prof. dr hab. inż. Lech Chmurzyński

Forms of classes, the realization and number of hours	ECTS credits
Forms of classes	2
Lecture	Lecture: 30 hours
The realization of activities	consultations: 5 hours
classroom instruction	student's own work : 15 hours
Number of hours	Total: 50 hours - 2 ECTS
Lecture: 30 hours	

The academic cycle

2024/2025 summer semester

Type of course	Language of instruction
obligatory	polish
Teaching methods	Form and method of assessment and basic criteria for eveluation or examination requirements
multimedia-based lecture	Final evaluation
	Graded credit
	Assessment methods
	Written test with closed questions
	The basic criteria for evaluation
	positive assessment of a written test according to criteria consistent with the Study
	Regulations UG

Method of verifying required learning outcomes

Required courses and introductory requirements

A. Formal requirements

none

B. Prerequisites

none

Aims of education

- •To acquaint students with all the issues listed in the course contents
- To acquaint students with the basic groups of biomolecules; learning their structure and function
- •To acquaint students with the basic methods of bioanalytical chemistry used to identify and quantify and qualitatively analyze organic compounds found in living organisms

Course contents

Course contents

Water as a specific solvent. Classification and characterization of liquid environments for chemical reactions. Principles of non-aqueous environment

Wykład dyplomowy - Chemia roztworów #13.3.0439

Sylabusy - Centrum Informatyczne UG Dział Kształcenia



chemistry. Interactions acid – base and equilibria of thereof. Hydrogen bond. Principles of supramolecular chemistry. Equilibria in solutions of complex compounds. Conductometric, spectroscopic and potentiometric methods for assessing chemical equilibria. Interphase phenomena. Kinetic and thermodynamic aspects of chemical equilibria.

Bibliography of literature

Literature required to pass the course

- A.2. Literature for individual studies
- L. Sobczyk, A. Kisza Chemia fizyczna dla przyrodników
- L. Sobczyk Wiązania wodorowe
- W. Szczepaniak Metody instrumentalne w analizie chemicznej
- A. Kisza Elektrochemia
- M. R. Wright An Introduction to Agueous Electrolite
- W. Ufnalski Równowagi jonowe
- J. Minczewski, Z. Łada Miareczkowanie potencjometryczne

Extracurricular readings

• Selected scientific publications in the field of discussed issues.

The learning outcomes (for the field of study and specialization)

Knowledge

- 1. Knows the basic systems of classification of liquid chemical reaction environments.
- Knows processes and understands acid-base interactions occurring in liquid environments, in particular in aqueous solutions.
- 3. Knows chemical terminology and nomenclature regarding processes in solutions and coordination compounds.
- 4. Understands hydrogen bonding and proton transfer equilibria in non-aqueous environments.
- 5. Knows the basic methods of testing equilibrium in liquid environments, in particular in aqueous solutions.
- 6. Knows methods of solution description.

Skills

- 1. Describes liquid reaction systems.
- 2. Can predict the scheme of basic equilibria settling in solutions.
- 3. Has the ability to describe aqueous solutions, taking into account the specific properties of water.
- 4. Has the ability to independently solve problems in solution chemistry.
- 5. Is able to use basic analytical techniques (potentiometry, conductometry and spectrophotometry) to study equilibrium in solutions.
- 6. Can analyze the kinetic and thermodynamic aspects of acid-base equilibria and coordination equilibria in solution.

Social competence

- 1. Understands the need for continuous education.
- 2. Organizes the learning process of others.
- 3. Interacts and works in a group, taking on various roles in it.
- 4. Demonstrates creativity in setting priorities for the implementation of the task specified by himself or others.
- 5. Demonstrates creativity in independent and team work.
- Understands the social aspects of the practical application of acquired knowledge and skills and the associated responsibility.

Contact

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