

ourse title nemiczne metody identyfikacji leków / Chem	· · · 1 · · · · · 1 · · · C	ECTS code	
	incal methods of	13.3.0446	
armaceutical identification	lical methods of	13.3.0++0	
ame of the unit administrating the study			
culty of Chemistry			
cuty of chemistry			
	Studie		
Field of study T	ype	Form	
Chemistry Bachel	or studies	Full-time studies	
eaching staff	of studies	i un time studies	
Marta Spodzieja			
orms of classes, the realization and number	r of hours	ECTS credits 3	
		classes - 45 h	
A. Forms of classes, in accordance with the UG Rector's regulations			
regulations laboratory classes		tutorial classes – 5 h	
B. The realization of activities		student's own work – 25 h	
in-class learning			
C. Number of hours		Total: 75 h - 3 ECTS	
45 h laboratory classes			
ne academic cycle			
nird year, winter semester			
pe of course	Languag	e of instruction	
ligatory	Polish		
eaching methods	Form and	d method of assessment and basic criteria for evaluation	
		ination requirements	
boratory classes - solving problems en		evaluation, in accordance with the UG study regulation	
during chemical experiments; investigative work related		course completion (with a grade)	
the analysis of obtained experimental result			
Developing the results of chemical experiments a fir		<b>B.</b> Assessment methods a final grade determined based on partial grades received during the	
	To pass the subject it is necessary to complete all the classes covered by		
		us and to prepare collected experimental results in the for	
	reports.	us and to prepare conected experimental results in the for	
		ades are awarded for:	
		• the quality and organization of the experimental work,	
		<ul> <li>demonstrating the ability to plan an experiment and solve analytical</li> </ul>	
		puzzles based on the acquired knowledge (preparation for lab classes)	
		ned experimental results,	
		• development and analysis of results obtained in the experimental part	
	(reports).		

completed course of "Organic Chemistry" with laboratory classes

• knowledge of the most important reactions, properties, and structure of basic groups of organic compounds;

• knowledge of basic OHS rules in a chemical laboratory;

• ability to work with the equipment, dishes, and basic laboratory apparatus used in chemical preparation and analysis.

Aims of the course

• familiarizing students with the topics mentioned in the curriculum;

• acquainting students with the micromolar scale laboratory technique used in organic qualitative analysis;

• developing students' skills of independent experimental work planning, performing chemical analyzes and solving problems encountered during their implementation.



## **Course contents**

• basics of chemical qualitative analysis of organic compounds;

• characteristic reactions used to identify compounds with pharmacological activity, belonging to derivatives of the following groups: steroids, tetracyclines, alkaloids, sulfonamides, peptides;

• designing and conducting diagnostic staining tests for a series of several substances from the same structural group;

• using thin-layer chromatography to identify complex (multi-component) drugs;

• methods of separation of complex drugs into components by means of subsequent chemical extractions.

# **Bibliography of literature**

### A. Literature required to pass the course

- R. Kasprzykowska, A.S. Kołodziejczyk, Chemiczna analiza środków leczniczych. Leki proste, Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego, Gdańsk 2009.
- R. Kasprzykowska, Instrukcje do ćwiczeń procedury doświadczeń i zagadnienia wprowadzające, materiały niepublikowane.

• R. Walczyna, J. Sokołowski, G. Kupryszewski, Analiza związków organicznych, Wydawnictwo Uniwersytetu Gdańskiego, Gdańsk 1996.

### **B.** Extracurricular readings

• A. Zejc, M. Gorczyca (red.), "Chemia leków", Wydawnictwo Lekarskie PZWL, Warszawa 2004.

• Z. Jerzmanowska, Analiza jakościowa związków organicznych, PZWL, Warszawa 1967.

• A. Kołodziejczyk, Naturalne związki organiczne, PWN, Warszawa 2005 .

## Knowledge

• describes the general properties of chemical compounds from the groups subjected to individual analyzes;

• characterizes the basic methods of detecting and identifying individual pharmacological compounds from the groups specified in the curriculum;

• explains the principles of the separation of simple mixtures of organic compounds by chemical extraction considering the acidbase properties and solubility;

• explains the principles of designing simple diagnostic tests (analysis schemes) aimed at identifying a series of organic compounds from the same structural group.

#### Skills

• detects and identifies individual chemical compounds, having the appropriate set of literature experimental procedures and choosing the right equipment and chemical apparatus;

• conducts chemical experiments on a micromolar scale;

• designs the order of performed experiments (analysis scheme) to solve problems posed in individual tasks;

compares and evaluates the usefulness of known methods of identifying drug substances in relation to a specific structural group;
identifies prescription mixtures using thin-layer chromatography;

• separates simple mixtures of organic compounds by means of chemical extractions;

• based on collected experimental results arguments judgments, draws conclusions through logical reasoning, and prepares a report;

#### Social competence

- understands the need to broaden the knowledge in the field of analysis of organic compounds;
- appreciates the importance of work diligence on the quality of the results and the accuracy of the conclusions drawn;
- works both independently and in a small team, while showing creativity;
- is cautious in formulating conclusions;
- is aware of the responsibility for jointly implemented tasks related to teamwork