

<b>Course title</b> Podstawy farmakognozii / Basics of pharmacognosy			ECTS code 13.3.0854		
Name of unit administrating study					
Faculty of Chemistry		<i>a</i> . <b>n</b>			
Field of study	Type	Studies	Form		
~~~~					
Chemistry Bachelor		F	Full-time studies		
Adam Kokotkiewicz, PhD					
Forms of classes, the realization and number of hours			ECTS credits 3		
A. Forms of classes, in accordance with the UG Rector's			classes - 30 h		
regulations			tutorial classes – 10 h		
lecture			_ student's own work – 35 h		
<b>B.</b> The realization of activities					
C. Number of hours			- Total: 75 h - 3 ECTS		
30 h lecture					
<b>The academic cycle</b> First year, summer semester					
Type of course Language o			instruction		
obligatory	Po	Polish			
Lecture with multimedia presentation		Form and method of assessment and basic criteria for evaluation or examination requirements			
		A Final evaluation in accordance with the UC study regulations			
		course completion (with a grade)			
		B. Assessment methods			
		Mid-course test			
		Final exam: written test with single choice questions or essay items			
		e. The basic criteria for evaluation of examinequirements			
	At least 51% correct answers in the test is required to pass the exam				
<b>Required courses and introduc</b> -organic chemistry- knowledge	ctory requirements of chemical compounds like	: hydrocarbo	ns. carbohydrates, hete	rocyclic compounds, protein	S.
peptides, amino-acids, alcohols, aldehydes, ketones and their physico-chemical properties is required					
Aims of education		1 1			
The aim of the course is to present the problems related to medicinal use of plants and provide students with techniques used in phytochemical analyses of major secondary metabolities in plant materials.					
phytoenenneur unaryses of major	i secondary metabolites in pr		,		
Course contents					
- history of phytochemistry					
- Pharmacognosy as scientific discipline and practical knowledge (areas of interest, basic terms and definitions)					
- biologically-active natural compounds: primary metabolites (carbohydrates, fats, proteins) and secondary metabolites					
(grycosides, terpenoids, phenyipropanoids, atkaiolds) - chemical structures, physico-chemical properties, occurrence in plants (examples of plant materials)					
- phytochemical analysis of the respective natural compounds groups (extraction methods, qualitative and quantitative analysis)					
- biological activity of selected groups of natural compounds and examples of medicinal use Bibliography of literature					
A. Literature required to	pass the course				
Stanisław Kohlmünzer- Farmakognozja- PZWN, Warszawa, 2007					
B. Extracurricular readings					



## Knowledge

learns the aspects of medicinal use of plant materials and techniques of phytochemical analysis of major secondary metabolites in plant materials

## Skills

understands the role of plant materials in medicine can conduct phytochemical analysis of plant materials

## Social competence

understands the need of continuous education and personal development